

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2022

with

Independent Auditor's Report

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COLORADO CPA COMPANY

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Saddle Rock Metropolitan District
Arapahoe County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Saddle Rock Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Saddle Rock Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplemental Information

Management has omitted the management’s discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Saddle Rock Metropolitan District’s basic financial statements. The supplemental information as listed in the table of contents is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Colorado CPA Company PC

Highlands Ranch, Colorado
September 28, 2023

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
December 31, 2022

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Net Position</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 643,378	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 643,378	\$ -	\$ 643,378
Cash and investments - Restricted	2,981	235,179	86,337	324,497	-	324,497
Receivable county treasurer	2,988	2,990	-	5,978	-	5,978
Property taxes receivable	658,384	658,603	-	1,316,987	-	1,316,987
Accounts receivable - assessments	-	-	31,720	31,720	-	31,720
Prepaid bond insurance	-	-	-	-	17,733	17,733
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	-	-	-	8,560	8,560
Capital assets, net of depreciation	-	-	-	-	1,423,670	1,423,670
Total Assets	<u>1,307,731</u>	<u>896,772</u>	<u>118,057</u>	<u>2,322,560</u>	<u>1,449,963</u>	<u>3,772,523</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred loss on refunding	-	-	-	-	247,736	247,736
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	-	-	-	247,736	247,736
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 1,307,731</u>	<u>\$ 896,772</u>	<u>118,057</u>	<u>\$ 2,322,560</u>		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,310	\$ 155,144	24,744	\$ 181,198	-	181,198
Prepaid assessments	-	-	41,664	41,664	-	41,664
Accrued interest on bonds	-	-	-	-	12,731	12,731
Long-term liabilities						
Due within one year	-	-	-	-	515,000	515,000
Due in more than one year	-	-	-	-	5,303,563	5,303,563
Total Liabilities	<u>1,310</u>	<u>155,144</u>	<u>66,408</u>	<u>222,862</u>	<u>5,831,294</u>	<u>6,054,156</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred assessments	-	-	20,746	20,746	-	20,746
Deferred property taxes	658,384	658,603	-	1,316,987	-	1,316,987
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>658,384</u>	<u>658,603</u>	<u>20,746</u>	<u>1,337,733</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,337,733</u>
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted						-
Emergencies	2,981	-	-	2,981	(2,981)	-
Debt service	-	83,025	-	83,025	(83,025)	-
Recreation center	-	-	30,903	30,903	(30,903)	-
Unassigned:	<u>645,056</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>645,056</u>	<u>(645,056)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>648,037</u>	<u>83,025</u>	<u>30,903</u>	<u>761,965</u>	<u>(761,965)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 1,307,731</u>	<u>\$ 896,772</u>	<u>\$ 118,057</u>	<u>\$ 2,322,560</u>		
NET POSITION						
Restricted for:						
Emergencies					2,981	2,981
Debt service					70,294	70,294
Recreation center					30,903	30,903
Unrestricted					<u>(3,475,808)</u>	<u>(3,475,808)</u>
Total Net Position (Deficit)					<u>\$ (3,371,630)</u>	<u>\$ (3,371,630)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>General</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	Special <u>Revenue</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting and audit	\$ 16,426	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,426	\$ -	\$ 16,426
Directors' fees	5,400	-	-	5,400	-	5,400
Insurance	18,199	-	-	18,199	-	18,199
Miscellaneous expenses	2,518	-	-	2,518	-	2,518
Treasurer's fees	9,585	9,590	-	19,175	-	19,175
Bond principal	-	495,000	-	495,000	(495,000)	-
Bond interest expense	-	167,625	-	167,625	(38,679)	128,946
Paying agent fees	-	2,000	-	2,000	-	2,000
Bond insurance	-	-	-	-	1,948	1,948
Regional Mill Levy	-	33,730	-	33,730	-	33,730
Administration	-	-	277,232	277,232	-	277,232
Landscaping	-	-	610,451	610,451	-	610,451
Pool and Clubhouse	-	-	192,426	192,426	(8,560)	183,866
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	197,736	197,736
Total Expenditures	<u>52,128</u>	<u>707,945</u>	<u>1,080,109</u>	<u>1,840,182</u>	<u>(342,555)</u>	<u>1,497,627</u>
PROGRAM REVENUES						
Assessments	-	-	434,223	434,223	-	434,223
Other income	-	-	51,547	51,547	-	51,547
Total Program Revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>485,770</u>	<u>485,770</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>485,770</u>
Net Program Income (Expense)	<u>(52,128)</u>	<u>(707,945)</u>	<u>(594,339)</u>	<u>(1,354,412)</u>	<u>342,555</u>	<u>(1,011,857)</u>
GENERAL REVENUES						
Property taxes	638,605	638,876	-	1,277,481	-	1,277,481
Specific ownership taxes	40,463	40,477	-	80,940	-	80,940
Interest and other income	410	26,322	-	26,732	-	26,732
Total General Revenues	<u>679,478</u>	<u>705,675</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,385,153</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,385,153</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	627,350	(2,270)	(594,339)	30,741	342,555	373,296
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers from (to) other funds	<u>(550,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>550,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(550,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>550,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES						
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	77,350	(2,270)	(44,339)	30,741	(30,741)	373,296
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION						
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>570,687</u>	<u>85,295</u>	<u>75,242</u>	<u>731,224</u>	<u>(4,476,150)</u>	<u>(3,744,926)</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 648,037</u>	<u>\$ 83,025</u>	<u>\$ 30,903</u>	<u>\$ 761,965</u>	<u>\$ (4,133,595)</u>	<u>\$ (3,371,630)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original & Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive/ <u>Negative</u>
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 640,933	\$ 638,605	\$ (2,328)
Specific ownership taxes	44,864	40,463	(4,401)
Interest and other income	<u>100</u>	<u>410</u>	<u>310</u>
Total Revenues	<u>685,897</u>	<u>679,478</u>	<u>(6,419)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Accounting and audit	17,000	16,426	574
Election	50,000	-	50,000
Directors' fees	6,000	5,400	600
Insurance	16,500	18,199	(1,699)
Miscellaneous expenses	2,300	2,518	(218)
Treasurer's fees	9,615	9,585	30
Contingency	25,000	-	25,000
Emergency reserve	<u>2,973</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,973</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>129,388</u>	<u>52,128</u>	<u>77,260</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	556,509	627,350	70,841
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from (to) other funds	<u>(750,000)</u>	<u>(550,000)</u>	<u>200,000</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(750,000)</u>	<u>(550,000)</u>	<u>200,000</u>
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(193,491)	77,350	270,841
FUND BALANCE			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>424,453</u>	<u>570,687</u>	<u>146,234</u>
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 230,962</u>	<u>\$ 648,037</u>	<u>\$ 417,075</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original & Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive/ Negative
REVENUES			
Assessments	\$ 439,296	\$ 434,223	\$ (5,073)
Other income	30,000	51,547	21,547
Total Revenues	<u>469,296</u>	<u>485,770</u>	<u>16,474</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Administration			
Management fee	38,000	32,314	5,686
Legal fees	115,000	127,382	(12,382)
Trash	102,038	98,196	3,842
Internet services	2,500	2,579	(79)
Administration	15,000	9,340	5,660
Security	15,000	7,421	7,579
Contingency	17,000	-	17,000
Landscaping			
Landscape maintenance and ground improvements	120,000	219,880	(99,880)
Ground improvements	-	171,230	(171,230)
Tree Shrub and Plants	-	43,764	(43,764)
Sprinkler repair	50,000	5,877	44,123
Water and sewer	165,000	94,296	70,704
Fence repairs	5,000	12,906	(7,906)
Pet Pick up	6,500	2,339	4,161
Pond Maintenance	10,000	9,492	508
Lighting maintenance	5,000	4,691	309
Holiday lighting	15,000	22,550	(7,550)
Pest Control	2,000	-	2,000
Snow removal	20,000	19,366	634
Miscellaneous Contingency	5,000	4,060	940
Pool and Clubhouse			
Clubhouse maintenance & supplies	10,000	31,798	(21,798)
Clubhouse cleaning	4,000	4,770	(770)
Pool management	65,000	65,510	(510)
Pool chemicals supplies	10,000	15,553	(5,553)
Pool Repairs	5,000	41,766	(36,766)
Utilities	25,000	31,741	(6,741)
Miscellaneous/contingency	5,000	1,288	3,712
Capital improvements	500,000	-	500,000
Emergency reserve	24,961	-	24,961
Total Expenditures	<u>1,356,999</u>	<u>1,080,109</u>	<u>276,890</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(887,703)	(594,339)	293,364
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers from other funds	750,000	550,000	(200,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>750,000</u>	<u>550,000</u>	<u>(200,000)</u>
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(137,703)	(44,339)	93,364
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	213,539	75,242	(138,297)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 75,836</u>	<u>\$ 30,903</u>	<u>\$ (44,933)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Saddle Rock Metropolitan District, (“District”) located in Arapahoe County, Colorado, entirely within the city limits of the City of Aurora, Colorado, conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements.

Definition of Reporting Entity

The District was organized on January 12, 1996, as a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado Special District Act. The District was organized concurrently with Lost Shoe Metropolitan District (“Lost Shoe”) (collectively, the “Districts”). Each district has the power to provide streets, water, sanitation, safety controls, television relay and translator, transportation, park and recreation services and other related improvements to the users in the service area located within the districts’ boundaries. The District served as the “Taxing District” while Lost Shoe served as the “Operating District”. The Operating District was responsible for providing the day-to-day operations and administrative management for both Districts. On February 2, 2009 the Court issued an order for dissolution, Lost Shoe was dissolved. Therefore, Lost Shoe’s assets, liabilities, and fund balance were transferred to the District and the District now serves as the Operating District. The District’s primary revenues are property taxes and assessments. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors. On May 15, 2017 the City of Aurora approved the amended and restated service plan for the District. The District is governed by an elected Board of Directors.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the District, which is legally separate and financially independent of other state and local governments. The District follows the GASB pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB sets forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization’s elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government’s legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization’s governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The pronouncements also require including a possible component unit if it would be misleading to exclude it.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization. The District has no component units as defined by the GASB.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented per GASB Statement No. 34 - Special Purpose Governments.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the governmental funds balance sheet/statement of net position and the governmental funds statement revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/statement of activities) report information on all of the governmental activities of the District. The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which expenditures/expenses of the governmental funds are supported by general revenues. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are collected.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The material sources of revenue subject to accrual are property taxes assessments and interest. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is paid.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal, interest and other debt related costs.

Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the financial resources accumulated and payments made for recreation center activities with District assessments restricted for this purpose.

Accounts Receivable – Commercial Site Assessments

Accounts receivable – commercial site assessments represent fees due from owners of commercial sites within the District. The fees support maintenance of common areas within the District. All amounts are deemed collectible as such fees constitute a perpetual lien against the property served.

Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on non-GAAP basis for the governmental funds. In accordance with the State Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall of each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The District's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The District estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2022, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the government are reported at fair value.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a minimum number of bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred loss on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. Deferred assessments, and property taxes are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Capital Assets

Capital assets defined by the District as park and recreation improvements are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable using the straight-line method. Depreciation on property that will remain assets of the District is reported on the Statement of Activities as a current charge.

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$197,736.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	30 years
Landscape improvements	15 years

Original Issue Discount and Prepaid Debt Insurance and Loss on Refunding

Original issue discount, prepaid debt insurance, and loss on refunding from the Series 2021 Bonds (as defined herein) are being amortized over the terms of the bonds using the effective interest method. Accumulated amortization of original issue premium, prepaid debt insurance and loss on refunding amounted to \$131,792, \$3,971, and \$55,474 respectively at December 31, 2022.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayers' election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in July or August and the sales of the resultant tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows in the year they are levied and measurable since they are not normally available nor are they budgeted as a resource until the subsequent year. The deferred property taxes are recorded as revenue in the subsequent year when they are available or collected.

Fund Equity

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent:

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Nonspendable Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as inventory or prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by external parties such as grantors, bondholders, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund represents Emergency Reserves that have been provided as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. A total of \$2,981 of the General Fund balance has been restricted in compliance with this requirement.

The restricted fund balance in the Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$81,025 is restricted for the payment of the debt service costs associated with Series 2021 Bonds (see Note 4).

The restricted fund balance in the Special Revenue Fund in the amount of \$33,864 is restricted for the payment of costs related to the operations of the Recreation Center.

For the classification of Governmental Fund balances, the District considers an expenditure to be made from the most restrictive first when more than one classification is available.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets, reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – net position is considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations such as federal or state laws. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets.

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above two components and is available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District will use the most restrictive net position first.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 2: Cash and Investments

As of December 31, 2022, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 645,378
Cash and investments – Restricted	<u>322,497</u>
Total	<u>\$ 967,875</u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 49,816
Investments – COLOTRUST	<u>918,059</u>
	<u>\$ 967,875</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (“PDPA”) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

The District follows state statutes for deposits. None of the District’s deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

Credit Risk

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments. Colorado statutes specify the types of investments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest. These investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency entities, certain money market funds, guaranteed investment contracts, and local government investment pools.

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

None of the District’s investments are subject to custodial or concentration of credit risk.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors.

Investment Valuation

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

The District has the following investment as of December 31, 2022:

The local government investment pool, Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust ("COLOTRUST") is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's with a weighted average maturity of under 60 days. COLOTRUST is an investment trust/joint venture established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund with each share maintaining a value of \$1.00. The COLOTRUST offers shares in three portfolios, one of which is COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may invest in U.S. Treasuries, government agencies, the highest-rated commercial paper, certain corporate securities, certain money market funds, and certain repurchase agreements, and limits its investments to those allowed by State statutes. Purchases and redemptions are available daily at a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to COLOTRUST in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal function of COLOTRUST. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by participating governments. There are no unfunded commitments and there is no redemption notice period. At December 31, 2022, the District had \$918,059 invested in COLOTRUST.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

Note 3: Capital Assets

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	Balance 1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022
Governmental Type Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 8,560	\$ -	\$ 8,560
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	<u>-</u>	<u>8,560</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,560</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Parks and recreation	\$ 5,547,380	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,547,380
Fencing	<u>119,523</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>119,523</u>
Total capital assets:	5,666,903	-	-	5,666,903
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(4,045,497)</u>	<u>(197,736)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,243,233)</u>
Net capital assets being depreciated:	<u>\$ 1,621,406</u>	<u>\$ (189,176)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,432,230</u>

The Consolidated Service Plan dated June 1995 required the District to convey the streets, water, and sanitation and storm drainage improvements to the City of Aurora for ownership and maintenance. The District retained ownership and maintained the park and recreation improvements, including landscaping, entry features, parks and trails.

Note 4: Long Term Debt

The following is an analysis of changes in long-term debt for the period ending December 31, 2022:

	Balance 1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022	Current Portion
General Obligation Bonds					
Series 2021 Bonds	\$ 5,725,000	\$ -	\$ 495,000	\$ 5,230,000	\$ 515,000
Deferred amounts:					
Premium on Series 2021 Bonds	<u>653,219</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>64,656</u>	<u>588,563</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 6,378,219</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 559,656</u>	<u>\$ 5,818,563</u>	<u>\$ 515,000</u>

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

A description of the long-term obligations as of December 31, 2022, is as follows:

\$6,255,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021

On January 21, 2021, the District issued \$6,255,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021, (“Series 2021 Bonds”) for the purpose of refunding the Series 2010 Bonds and paying the cost of issuing the Series 2021 Bonds, including the cost of bond insurance. The Series 2021 Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.25% to 3.00% payable on each June 1st and December 1st and mature on December 1, 2031. The Series 2021 Bonds maturing on December 1, 2031, are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, in whole or in part in integral multiples of \$1,000, and if in parts in such order of maturity as the District determines and by lot within maturity on December 1, 2030 and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par plus accrued interest with no redemption premium. The refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments providing a net present value savings of \$1,186,098.

Events of Default as defined in the Series 2021 Bond Indenture include (a) The District fails to pay the principal of, premium if any, or interest on the Bonds when due; (b) The District defaults in the performance or observance of any other of the covenants, agreements, or conditions on the part of the District in this Indenture or the Bond Resolution and fails to remedy the same after notice thereof pursuant to Section 8.12 hereof; or (c) The District files a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable bankruptcy laws seeking to adjust the obligation represented by the Bonds. Remedies available in the Event of Default include 1) receivership, 2) suit for judgment, and 3) other suits. Acceleration of the Series 2021 Bonds is not an available remedy for an Event of Default.

The following is a summary of the annual long-term debt principal and interest requirements for the Series 2021 Bonds:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 515,000	\$ 152,775	\$ 667,775
2024	535,000	137,325	672,325
2025	550,000	121,275	671,275
2026	560,000	108,900	668,900
2027	580,000	92,100	672,100
2028-2031	2,490,000	189,450	2,679,450
	\$ 5,230,000	\$ 801,825	\$ 6,031,825

The General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2010 were fully refunded on January 21, 2021 with the issuance of the 2021 Bonds. The refunding resulted in a net present value savings of \$1,186,098.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Debt Authorization

In 1995, the electors of the District authorized the issuance of indebtedness of \$12,113,948 in general obligation bonds. In 1997, the electors of the District authorized the issuance of \$15,720,000 in general obligation bonds, for a total of \$27,833,948 of voted authorization. As of December 31, 2022, the amount of debt authorized by the District's electorate but unissued was \$14,678,377, however, as the voted authorization is only valid for 20 years, it may no longer be valid. The District did not budget to issue any new debt in 2023.

Note 5: District Agreements

Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Agreement – City of Aurora

The District and the City of Aurora have entered into an Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Agreement as required by the City of Aurora Code and the District's Amended and Restated Service Plan. Under this agreement, the District must obtain the approval of the City of Aurora Council prior to; (i) any inclusion of property in or exclusion of property from the boundaries of the District, (ii) issue any debt in excess of \$11,000,000, or (iii) consolidation with any other special district. The District had the power to own, operate and maintain the park and recreation improvements, including landscaping, entry features, drainage improvements, parks and trails Pursuant to the agreement and the Amended and Restated Service Plan, the District is required to levy a regional mill levy and to remit it to an Aurora Regional Improvement ("ARI") Authority or to the City under certain circumstances. At December 31, 2022 the District was holding \$155,144 from the regional mill levy.

Arapahoe Park and Recreation District Intergovernmental Agreement

The District, and the Arapahoe Park and Recreation District ("Arapahoe Park") have entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement whereby Arapahoe Park agreed to reimburse annually certain operation and maintenance expenses incurred by the District with respect to trails throughout the development.

Note 6: Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer Bill of Rights ("TABOR"), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

Note 7: Risk Management

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, 24-10-101, et seq., CRS, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to agents; and natural disasters. The Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the "Pool") is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide common liability and casualty insurance coverage to its members at a cost that is considered economically appropriate. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for auto, public officials' liability, and property and general liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed its amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and its accumulated reserves, the District may be called upon to make additional contributions to the Pool on the basis proportionate to other members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

Note 8: Interfund and Operating Transfers

The transfer of \$550,000 from the General Fund to the Special Revenue Fund was to transfer funds for the purpose of paying operating expenses for the Recreation Center.

Note 9: Reconciliation of Government-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The Government Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Capital improvements used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds; and,
- 2) long-term liabilities such as bonds payable and accrued bond interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

The Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities includes an adjustments column. The adjustments have the following elements:

- 1) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are depreciated over their useful lives;
- 2) governmental funds report the repayment of bond principal as expenditures; however, these are eliminated on the Statement of Activities and reported as reductions in long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position; and,
- 3) governmental funds report developer advances and/or bond proceeds as revenue; and,
- 4) governmental funds report interest expense on the modified accrual basis; however, interest expense is reported on the full accrual method on the Statement of Activities.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original & Final		Variance
	Budget	Actual	Positive/ Negative
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 608,885	\$ 606,721	\$ (2,164)
Specific ownership taxes	42,622	38,440	(4,182)
Property taxes ARI	32,271	32,155	(116)
Specific ownership taxes ARI	2,216	2,037	(179)
Interest and other income	10,000	26,322	16,322
Total Revenues	695,994	705,675	9,681
EXPENDITURES			
Bond principal	495,000	495,000	-
Bond interest expense	167,624	167,625	(1)
Paying agent fees	1,980	2,000	(20)
ARI	34,003	33,730	273
Treasurer's fees	9,617	9,590	27
Total Expenditures	708,224	707,945	279
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,230)	(2,270)	9,960
FUND BALANCE			
BEGINNING OF YEAR	129,968	85,295	(44,673)
END OF YEAR	\$ 117,738	\$ 83,025	\$ (34,713)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

SADDLE ROCK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY
AND PROPERTY TAXES AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED

December 31, 2022

Year Ended	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied			Total Property Tax		Percent Collected to Levied
		General	Debt	ARI Mills	Levied	Collected	
		Fund	Service				
2008	\$ 24,932,460	5.000	32.000	0.000	\$ 922,501	\$ 916,008	99.30%
2009	\$ 25,278,600	5.000	32.000	0.000	\$ 935,308	\$ 935,468	100.02%
2010	\$ 23,079,460	5.000	32.000	0.000	\$ 853,940	\$ 853,909	100.00%
2011	\$ 23,289,960	5.000	32.000	0.000	\$ 861,729	\$ 859,690	99.76%
2012	\$ 20,497,520	5.000	35.000	0.000	\$ 819,901	\$ 819,370	99.94%
2013	\$ 20,513,250	5.000	35.000	0.000	\$ 820,530	\$ 819,965	99.93%
2014	\$ 20,494,360	5.000	35.000	0.000	\$ 819,774	\$ 819,404	99.95%
2015	\$ 20,623,185	6.000	35.000	0.000	\$ 845,551	\$ 845,552	100.00%
2016	\$ 24,100,067	9.000	31.500	0.000	\$ 976,053	\$ 975,904	99.98%
2017	\$ 24,609,426	12.000	29.500	0.000	\$ 1,021,291	\$ 1,021,349	100.01%
2018	\$ 27,097,829	13.500	28.000	1.000	\$ 1,124,560	\$ 1,123,958	99.95%
2019	\$ 27,158,364	13.500	28.000	1.000	\$ 1,127,072	\$ 1,127,067	100.00%
2020	\$ 30,113,707	16.000	24.000	1.007	\$ 1,235,084	\$ 1,234,972	99.99%
2021	\$ 30,170,830	18.000	22.000	1.007	\$ 1,237,215	\$ 1,277,481	103.25%
2022	\$ 32,046,605	20.000	19.000	1.007	\$ 1,282,089	\$ 1,277,481	99.64%
Estimated for year ending December 31, 2023	\$ 31,351,612	21.000	20.000	1.007	\$ 1,316,987		

NOTE

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied and/or abatements or valuations in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year assessment.